

HOUSE PRICE INDEXES: EIGHT CAPITAL CITIES

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) TUES 4 AUG 2009

Established house prices

Weighted average of eight capital cities Quarterly % change



Established house prices

Quarterly % change June quarter 2009



INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Mark Dubner on Sydney (02) 9268 4448.

KEY FIGURES

ESTABLISHED HOUSE Prices	Mar Qtr 09 to Jun Qtr 09 % change	Jun Qtr 08 to Jun Qtr 09 % change
Weighted average of eight capital cities	4.2	-1.4
Sydney	4.9	-0.9
Melbourne	5.2	-1.5
Brisbane	2.5	-3.3
Adelaide	3.4	2.7
Perth	2.7	-3.7
Hobart	2.5	0.1
Darwin	2.4	11.0
Canberra	3.6	-0.2

KEY POINTS

ESTABLISHED HOUSE PRICES

QUARTERLY CHANGES

- Preliminary estimates show the price index for established houses for the weighted average of the eight capital cities increased 4.2% in the June quarter 2009.
- There were price rises in all capital cities with Sydney (+4.9%), Melbourne (+5.2%), Perth (+2.7%), Brisbane (+2.5%) and Adelaide (+3.4%) the major contributors to the weighted average of the eight capital cities. There were smaller contributions from Canberra (+3.6%), Hobart (+2.5%) and Darwin (+2.4%).
- The movement in the preliminary established house price index between December quarter 2008 and March quarter 2009 has been revised from an estimated decrease of 2.2% to an estimated decrease of 1.5%.

ANNUAL CHANGES (JUNE QUARTER 2008 TO JUNE QUARTER 2009)

- Over the year to June 2009, preliminary estimates show that the price index for established houses for the weighted average of the eight capital cities decreased 1.4%.
- Annually, house prices rose in Darwin (+11.0%), Adelaide (+2.7%) and Hobart (+0.1%), and fell in Perth (-3.7%), Brisbane (-3.3%), Melbourne (-1.5%), Sydney (-0.9%) and Canberra (-0.2%).
- The movement in the preliminary established house price index between March quarters 2008 and 2009 has been revised from an estimated decrease of 6.7% to an estimated decrease of 6.2%.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE (Quarter)	RELEASE DATE
	September 2009	2 November 2009
	December 2009	1 February 2010
	March 2010	3 May 2010
	June 2010	4 August 2010
	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	There are no changes in th	is issue.
REVISIONS	Estimates for the two most are preliminary and are sul Notes).	recent quarters of the established house price index series oject to revision (see paragraphs 12 and 13 of the Explanatory

Brian Pink Australian Statistician

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HOUSE PRICE INDEXES

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ADDITIONAL TABLE AVAILABLE ON ABS WEBSITE

10 Established house price index numbers, pre-September quarter 2005 methodology

									Weighted average of eight capital
Period	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra	cities
	• • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •		
2006–07	95.5	117.2	119.2	119.7	192.8	131.1	160.7	113.5	115.5
2007–08	101.9	139.9	141.8	143.4	194.8	142.2	175.2	127.1	129.0
2008–09	p97.9	p137.6	p139.4	p147.6	p182.9	p141.0	p190.1	p123.2	p125.6
2005									
December	93.5	105.4	107.8	110.7	137.3	118.5	135.3	102.8	104.0
2006									
March	92.5	106.9	108.6	112.2	148.2	120.8	141.1	104.0	105.3
June	94.3	110.0	110.9	113.8	169.6	124.6	150.3	107.0	109.3
September	94.4	112.0	112.7	114.5	188.4	127.1	152.3	110.0	112.0
December	94.8	114.8	115.6	117.6	194.8	129.2	159.7	111.8	114.1
2007									
March	94.6	116.7	120.4	119.7	195.8	132.8	164.5	113.5	115.4
June	98.2	125.1	128.1	126.9	192.1	135.4	166.3	118.5	120.3
September	100.7	131.5	134.3	134.6	195.5	139.0	170.8	124.5	124.8
December	103.1	141.3	141.3	143.7	197.6	144.8	177.3	128.2	130.1
2008									
March	102.5	143.6	145.4	148.2	195.3	141.9	174.8	129.1	131.0
June	101.1	143.2	146.1	147.0	190.8	143.1	177.7	126.7	129.9
September	98.8	138.5	140.5	146.9	186.6	139.7	181.9	122.3	126.5
December	r97.2	r137.0	r138.0	r146.6	r182.4	r141.0	r188.5	121.9	r124.8
2009									
March	p95.5	p134.0	p137.9	p145.9	p178.8	p139.8	p192.6	p122.1	p122.9
June	p100.2	p141.0	p141.3	p150.9	p183.7	p143.3	p197.3	p126.5	p128.1

p preliminary figure or series subject to revision

revised

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(b) Estimates for the two most recent quarters are experimental (see paragraphs 12 and 13 of the Explanatory Notes).

(a) Reference base of each index: 2003-04 = 100.0.

Weighted average of eight capital Sydney Melbourne Brisbane Adelaide Perth Hobart Darwin Canberra cities Period PERCENTAGE CHANGE (from previous financial year) 2006-07 2.4 10.2 7.6 32.3 9.5 9.7 9.9 10.2 15.8 2007-08 6.7 19.4 19.0 19.8 1.0 8.5 9.0 12.0 11.7 2008-09 p-6.1 p-3.9 p-1.6 p-1.7 p2.9 p–0.8 p8.5 p-3.1 p-2.6 PERCENTAGE CHANGE (from corresponding quarter of previous year) 2005 -4.2 2.9 3.7 3.9 22.8 6.4 20.1 2.5 2.3 December 2006 March -3.1 4.8 3.6 4.9 27.4 7.4 17.5 3.4 3.9 June 6.4 38.4 22.6 0.1 5.1 5.6 8.8 7.0 7.3 September 1.8 8.3 6.7 5.8 47.5 10.7 18.5 9.8 10.1 18.0 December 1.4 8.9 7.2 6.2 41.9 9.0 8.8 9.7 2007 March 2.3 9.2 10.9 6.7 32.1 9.9 16.6 9.1 9.6 13.7 15.5 11.5 8.7 10.6 10.7 June 4.1 13.3 10.1 September 6.7 17.4 19.2 17.6 3.8 9.4 12.1 13.2 11.4 December 8.8 23.1 22.2 22.2 1.4 12.1 11.0 14.7 14.0 2008 March 8.4 23.1 20.8 23.8 -0.3 6.9 6.3 13.7 13.5 14.5 15.8 June 3.0 14.1 -0.7 5.7 6.9 6.9 8.0 September -1.9 5.3 4.6 9.1 -4.6 0.5 6.5 -1.8 1.4 December r–3.0 r–2.3 r2.0 r-7.7 r–2.6 r6.3 -4.9 r-5.7 r-4.1 2009 p-6.8 p–6.7 p–5.2 p-1.6 p-8.4 p-1.5 p-5.4 March p10.2 p-6.2 June p-0.9 p–1.5 p–3.3 p2.7 p–3.7 p0.1 p11.0 p-0.2 p-1.4 PERCENTAGE CHANGE (from previous quarter) 2005 December 0.9 1.9 2.1 2.3 7.5 3.2 5.3 2.6 2.3 2006 March -1.11.4 0.7 1.4 7.9 1.9 4.3 1.2 1.3 June 2.9 6.5 3.8 1.9 2.1 1.4 14.4 3.1 2.9 September 0.1 1.8 1.6 0.6 11.1 2.0 1.3 2.8 2.5 1.6 December 0.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3.4 1.7 4.9 1.9 2007 March -0.2 1.7 4.2 1.8 0.5 2.8 3.0 1.5 1.1 4.4 June 3.8 7.2 6.4 6.0 -1.92.0 1.1 4.2 September 2.5 5.1 4.8 6.1 1.8 2.7 2.7 5.1 3.7 December 2.4 7.5 5.2 6.8 1.1 4.2 3.8 3.0 4.2 2008 -0.6 1.6 2.9 -2.0 -1.4 0.7 0.7 March 3.1 -1.2 -0.3 0.5 -0.8 -2.3 0.8 1.7 -1.9 -0.8 lune -1.4 September -2.3 -3.3 -3.8 -0.1 -2.4 2.4 -3.5 -2.2 -2.6 r-0.2 December r–1.6 r–1.1 r–1.8 r–2.3 r0.9 r3.6 -0.3 r-1.3 2009 March p-1.7 p-2.2 p-0.1 p-0.5 p-2.0 p-0.9 p2.2 p0.2 p-1.5 lune p4.9 p5.2 p2.5 p3.4 p2.7 p2.5 p2.4 p3.6 p4.2

p preliminary figure or series subject to revision

(a) Estimates for the two most recent guarters are experimental

r revised

(see paragraphs 12 and 13 of the Explanatory Notes).

Period	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra	Weighted average of eight capital cities
	• • • • • • •					• • • • • • • •			
2006–07	108.1	105.9	111.9	108.4	144.1	120.3	135.6	108.4	113.3
2007–08	112.3	111.2	121.2	113.8	148.7	126.7	144.7	112.4	118.8
2008–09	117.1	112.8	128.4	120.4	153.4	129.9	152.8	118.6	123.2
2005									
December	107.7	106.3	107.2	105.7	127.8	115.4	117.3	104.9	110.0
2006									
March	107.5	105.3	107.2	106.4	132.7	117.7	121.0	105.9	110.4
June	108.0	105.9	108.8	107.3	137.9	118.8	126.0	106.9	111.7
September	107.9	104.2	109.0	107.9	142.0	119.1	130.3	107.6	111.9
December	107.6	105.8	109.6	107.9	143.3	119.1	135.8	108.3	112.6
2007									
March	108.1	106.5	113.4	107.9	144.7	120.0	137.7	108.7	113.7
June	108.9	107.1	115.5	110.0	146.3	123.1	138.7	109.1	114.9
September	110.3	108.2	116.9	111.4	147.6	125.2	142.6	110.9	116.2
December	110.9	110.4	120.6	112.1	148.3	126.5	144.1	112.1	117.8
2008									
March	113.2	112.9	122.8	114.9	148.8	126.7	145.4	112.5	119.9
June	114.8	113.3	124.6	116.6	150.0	128.4	146.7	113.9	121.1
September	115.9	114.0	127.5	119.0	152.5	129.7	149.2	118.3	122.8
December	116.7	112.4	128.9	120.6	154.0	129.7	151.9	118.2	123.1
2009									
March	116.7	111.1	127.9	120.7	153.4	129.7	154.2	118.2	122.5
June	119.1	113.5	129.1	121.3	153.6	130.4	155.9	119.6	124.3
• • • • • • • • • • • •									

(a) Reference base of each index: 2003-04 = 100.0.



PROJECT HOME PRICE INDEXES, Percentage changes

Period	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra	Weighted average of eight capital cities
	F	PERCENTA	GE CHAN	GE (from	previous	s financia	al year)		
2006–07	0.4	0.0	4.2	2.1	10.6	3.0	13.2	2.8	2.7
2007–08	3.9	5.0	8.3	5.0	3.2	5.3	6.7	3.7	4.9
2008–09	4.3	1.4	5.9	5.8	3.2	2.5	5.6	5.5	3.7
• • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
PI	ERCENT	AGE CHAN	NGE (from	n corresp	onding q	luarter of	previou	s year)	
2005									
December	2.8	3.5	1.5	1.8	16.7	3.5	9.0	3.2	4.4
2006									
March	1.3	1.2	1.1	2.2	16.2	3.2	9.9	4.0	3.1
June	0.9	1.8	2.2	2.8	16.6	3.2	11.3	3.9	3.2
December	_0.5	-1.9	2.0	2.0	12.7	3.2	15.0	3.0	2.0
2007	0.1	0.0	2.2	2.1	12.1	0.2	10.0	0.2	2.1
March	0.6	1.1	5.8	1.4	9.0	2.0	13.8	2.6	3.0
June	0.8	1.1	6.2	2.5	6.1	3.6	10.1	2.1	2.9
September	2.2	3.8	7.2	3.2	3.9	5.1	9.4	3.1	3.8
December	3.1	4.3	10.0	3.9	3.5	6.2	6.1	3.5	4.6
2008	4 7	6.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	FO	5.0	25	
Warch	4.7	6.U E 9	8.3	6.5	2.8	5.6	5.6	3.5	5.5 E 4
Sentember	5.4 5.1	5.0	7.9 Q 1	6.8	2.0	4.5	5.6 4.6	4.4 6.7	5.4
December	5.2	1.8	6.9	7.6	3.8	2.5	5.4	5.4	4.5
2009									
March	3.1	-1.6	4.2	5.0	3.1	2.4	6.1	5.1	2.2
June	3.7	0.2	3.6	4.0	2.4	1.6	6.3	5.0	2.6
		PERCE	NTAGE CH	HANGE (f	rom prev	ious quar	ter)		
2005									
December	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.5	4.2	0.0	2.3	1.2	0.8
2006									
March	-0.2	-0.9	0.0	0.7	3.8	2.0	3.2	1.0	0.4
June	0.5	0.6	1.5	0.8	3.9	0.9	4.1	0.9	1.2
September	-0.1	-1.6	0.2	0.6	3.0	0.3	3.4	0.7	0.2
December	-0.3	1.5	0.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	4.2	0.7	0.6
2007 March	0.5	0.7	35	0.0	1.0	0.8	14	0.4	1.0
June	0.7	0.6	1.9	1.9	1.1	2.6	0.7	0.4	1.1
September	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.3	0.9	1.7	2.8	1.6	1.1
December	0.5	2.0	3.2	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.4
2008									
March	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.5	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.4	1.8
June	1.4	0.4	1.5	1.5	0.8	1.3	0.9	1.2	1.0
September	1.0	0.6	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.7	3.9	1.4
2009	0.7	-1.4	1.1	1.3	1.0	0.0	1.8	-0.1	0.2
March	0.0	-1.2	-0.8	0.1	-0.4	0.0	1.5	0.0	-0.5
June	2.1	2.2	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.5	1.1	1.2	1.5

Period	Established houses(b)(c)	Project homes(c)	Materials used in house building(d)	Construction industry total hourly rates of pay	National accounts private housing investment
2006–07	115.5	113.3	109.5	115.5	114.3
2007–08	129.0	118.8	113.3	120.8	120.2
2008–09	p125.6	123.2	120.7	nya	nya
2005					
December	104.0	110.0	105.4	109.3	110.2
2006					
March	105.3	110.4	105.8	111.2	111.0
June	109.3	111.7	106.9	112.6	112.0
September	112.0	111.9	108.5	113.5	112.9
December	114.1	112.6	109.3	114.9	113.5
2007					
March	115.4	113.7	109.8	116.2	114.7
June	120.3	114.9	110.5	117.4	116.0
September	124.8	116.2	111.4	119.0	117.4
December	130.1	117.8	112.4	120.2	119.3
2008					
March	131.0	119.9	113.8	121.1	121.3
June	129.9	121.1	115.5	122.9	122.6
September	126.5	122.8	118.6	124.5	124.4
December	r124.8	123.1	120.1	125.5	124.8
2009					
March	p122.9	122.5	121.7	126.7	124.1
June	p128.1	124.3	122.2	nya	nya

nya not yet available

p preliminary figure or series subject to revision

r revised

(a) Reference base of each index: 2003-04 = 100.0.

(b) Estimates for the two most recent quarters are experimental (see paragraphs 12 and 13 of the Explanatory Notes)

(c) Weighted average of eight capital cities.

(d) Weighted average of six capital cities.

Period	Established houses(a)(b)	Project homes(b)	Materials used in house building(c)	Construction industry total hourly rates of pay	National accounts private housing investment
TEROE			previous	manerar	year)
2006–07	9.9	2.7	3.5	4.7	3.3
2007-08	11.7	4.9	3.5	4.6	5.2
2008-09	p–2.6	3.7	6.5	nya	nya
PERCEN	NTAGE CHAN	NGE (from previous	correspon year)	ding quar	ter of
2005 December	2.2	1 1	2.2	4.5	5.0
2006	2.5	4.4	2.5	4.5	5.0
March	3.9	3.1	1.9	5.0	4.1
June	7.3	3.2	2.1	5.5	3.9
September	10.1	2.6	3.3	5.0	3.6
December	9.7	2.4	3.7	5.1	3.0
2007					
March	9.6	3.0	3.8	4.5	3.3
Sentember	10.1	2.9	3.4	4.3	3.0
December	14.0	4.6	2.8	4.6	4.0 5.1
2008	1.10		2.0		0.12
March	13.5	5.5	3.6	4.2	5.8
June	8.0	5.4	4.5	4.7	5.7
September	1.4	5.7	6.5	4.6	6.0
December	r–4.1	4.5	6.9	4.4	4.6
2009 March	n_6 2	2.2	69	4.6	23
lune	p=0.2 n=1.4	2.2	5.8	nva	nva
Sano	p 20	2.0	0.0	ya	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
PER	CENTAGE C	HANGE (II	om previo	Jus quarte	; [)
2005					
December 2006	2.3	0.8	0.4	1.1	1.1
March	1.3	0.4	0.4	1.7	0.7
Sentember	3.0 2.5	1.2	1.0	1.5	0.9
December	1.9	0.2	0.7	1.2	0.5
2007					
March	1.1	1.0	0.5	1.1	1.1
June	4.2	1.1	0.6	1.0	1.1
September	3.7	1.1	0.8	1.4	1.2
December	4.2	1.4	0.9	1.0	1.6
March	0.7	1 8	1 2	0.7	1 7
June	-0.8	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.1
September	-2.6	1.4	2.7	1.3	1.5
December	r–1.3	0.2	1.3	0.8	0.3
2009					
March	p-1.5	-0.5	1.3	1.0	-0.6
June	p4.2	1.5	0.4	nya	nya

nya not yet available

p preliminary figure or series subject to revision

r revised

(a) Estimates for the two most recent quarters are experimental (see paragraphs 12 and 13 of the Explanatory Notes).

(b) Weighted average of eight capital cities.

(c) Weighted average of six capital cities.

MEDIAN PRICE OF ESTABLISHED HOUSE TRANSFERS (UNSTRATIFIED) (a)

	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra
Period	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
• • • • • • • • • • •								
2005								
December	500.0	333.0	320.0	280.0	340.0	252.0	320.0	387.0
2006								
March	471.0	330.0	325.0	280.0	365.0	260.0	341.5	385.0
June	496.0	345.0	330.0	r286.0	408.0	270.0	349.5	r400.0
September	483.0	346.8	333.0	290.0	443.5	270.0	360.0	413.0
December	500.0	360.0	342.0	300.0	r455.0	278.0	380.0	420.5
2007								
March	482.0	345.0	350.0	305.0	465.0	280.0	389.5	430.0
June	r514.5	362.0	370.5	r316.1	455.0	291.5	395.0	445.0
September	515.0	370.0	389.0	335.0	465.0	285.0	400.0	460.0
December	540.0	r411.7	412.0	360.0	r469.0	310.0	418.5	r469.5
2008								
March	499.0	385.0	424.9	360.0	455.0	r307.3	420.0	470.0
June	r517.6	400.0	425.0	365.0	445.0	305.0	422.3	r478.0
September	480.0	385.0	410.0	360.0	r432.0	294.0	430.0	448.5
December	465.0	385.0	398.0	355.0	420.0	300.0	445.0	455.0
2009								
March	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya
June	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya

nya not yet available

(a) See paragraphs 27 and 28 of the Explanatory Notes.

r revised

NUMBER OF ESTABLISHED HOUSE TRANSFERS(a)

	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart	Darwin	Canberra
Period	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •
2006–07	r48 333	r62 039	r42 762	r21 000	r18 440	4 333	1 976	r5 023
2007–08	r46 612	r61 874	r36 475	r19 960	r16 439	r3 892	1 620	r4 577
2008–09	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya
2005								
December	9 804	r15 792	8 421	r4 520	r9 153	r1 022	566	1 205
2006								
March	10 527	r12 851	9 989	r4 841	r8 446	1 244	554	1 141
June	r11 921	r14 015	r9 184	r4 925	6 446	1 125	514	r1 295
September	11 094	r14 342	r9 815	r4 783	5 195	955	535	1 137
December	r11 473	r15 057	r9 422	r4 977	r4 167	970	495	1 319
2007								
March	r11 726	r15 216	r12 085	r5 428	r4 669	1 211	496	r1 308
June	r14 040	r17 424	r11 440	r5 812	r4 409	1 197	450	r1 259
September	r13 135	r17 228	r11 595	r5 490	r4 563	r1 063	464	r1 258
December	r13 149	r17 985	r10 173	r5 384	r4 730	1 094	411	r1 364
2008								
March	r9 726	r12 932	r8 246	r4 614	r3 992	r938	357	r957
June	r10 602	r13 729	r6 461	r4 472	3 154	r797	388	r998
September	r10 606	r12 733	r6 932	r4 168	r3 652	r770	439	r986
December	11 096	12 965	6 754	4 204	3 154	799	459	942
2009								
March	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya
June	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya	nya

nya not yet available

r revised

(a) See paragraph 29 of the Explanatory Notes.

capital cities(a)(b)(c)

				DIFFERENCE BET	WEEN
				FINAL ESTIMATE	AND:
Period	1st estimate	2nd estimate	Final estimate	1st estimate	2nd estimate
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •			
I	NDEX NUM	BER (a)		INDEX POINT	S
2007					
June	119.4	119.7	120.3	0.9	0.6
September	123.9	124.1	124.8	0.9	0.7
December	128.1	129.9	130.1	2.0	0.2
2008					
March	131.3	130.6	131.0	-0.3	0.4
June	130.2	130.7	129.9	-0.3	-0.8
September	128.3	126.8	126.5	-1.8	-0.3
December	125.8	125.0	124.8	-1.0	-0.2
2009					
March	122.2	122.9	nya	nya	nya
June	128.1	nya	nya	nya	nya
	I PERCENT	AGE CHAN	GF (b)	PERCENTAGE	POINTS
/	L I LINGLINI			TEROERINGE	
2007					
June	9.2	9.5	10.1	0.9	0.6
September	10.6	10.8	11.4	0.8	0.6
December	12.3	13.8	14.0	1.7	0.2
2008					
March	13.8	13.2	13.5	-0.3	0.3
June	8.2	8.6	8.0	-0.2	-0.6
September	2.8	1.6	1.4	-1.4	-0.2
December	-3.3	-3.9	-4.1	-0.8	-0.2
2009					
March	-6.7	-6.2	nva	nva	nva
June	-1.4	nya	nya	nya	nya
			-		
QUARI	ERLI PERC	ENTAGE C	HANGE (C)	PERCENTAGE	PUINIS
2007					
June	3.2	3.7	4.2	1.0	0.5
September	3.5	3.2	3.7	0.2	0.5
December	3.2	4.1	4.2	1.0	0.1
2008					
March	1 1	0.4	0.7	_0.4	0.3
June	-0.3	_0.4	-0.8	-0.5	-0.6
September	-1.8	-2.4	-2.6	-0.8	-0.2
December	-0.8	-1.2	-1.3	-0.5	-0.1
2000					
2009 March	2.2	1 ⊑	nvc	DVC	nvo
lune	-2.2	-TT-	nya	nya	nya
June	4.2	iiyd	iiya	пуа	iiya
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

nya not yet available

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(a) Reference base of each index: 2003-04 = 100.0.

(b) Percentage change from corresponding quarter of previous year.

(c) Percentage change from previous quarter.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1 This publication provides estimates of changes in house prices for each of the eight capital cities of Australia. The information is presented in the form of price indexes constructed separately for Established Houses and for Project Homes (see below for definitions). It is calculated on the reference base $2003-04 = 100.0$ for each of the eight capital cities as well as a weighted average of them. The capital city indexes measure price movements over time in each city individually. They do not measure differences in price levels between cities.
2 The index for Project Homes is compiled for use in calculating the House purchase expenditure class of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The index for Established Houses, while not contributing to the CPI, is compiled and published along with the Project Homes index in recognition of the widespread interest in information specifically relating to housing prices.
3 To assist in the analysis of housing price movements at the national level, aggregated series have also been compiled and are presented in tables 5 and 6 along with series for prices of materials used in house building, construction industry hourly rates of pay and private housing investment. For information on the derivation of series in these tables see paragraphs 20–26.
4 Table 7 presents a city-wide median price (unstratified) of house sales data available from the State/Territory Land Titles Office or Valuers-General (VGs) Office in each capital city. These median prices are 'raw' medians from the available data set and quarterly changes in them will not concord with the published Established House Price Indexes for each city which are compiled in strata and weighted by the value of housing stock. Numbers of established house transfers recorded each quarter by the VGs are presented in Table 8.
5 The price index for established houses covers transactions in detached residential dwellings on their own block of land regardless of age (i.e. including new houses sold as a house/land package as well as second-hand houses). Price changes therefore relate to changes in the total price of dwelling and land.
6 Project homes are dwellings available for construction on an existing block of land. Price changes relate only to the cost of constructing the dwelling (excluding land).
7 A price index is concerned with measuring pure price change – that is, it is concerned with isolating and measuring that element of price change which is not brought about by any change to either the quantity or the quality of the goods or services for which the index is required.
 8 The techniques used to construct a price index for project homes are similar to those used for most other goods. A representative sample of project home models is selected in each city, prices are obtained each quarter and the price movements for each model are weighted together. Constant quality is preserved by calculating price movements on a matched sample basis (i.e. the price movements between adjacent quarters are based on the same models in each quarter). If the specification of an individual model changes substantially or a price is unable to be obtained then that model is excluded from the calculation of price movement. Adjustments are made to raw prices to compensate for any minor changes in specifications. 9 This standard procedure for constructing price indexes is not viable in the case of established houses as the observable prices in each period relate to different set of dwellings for each period. The challenge is how to utilise prices for a heterogeneous set of dwellings to construct measures of price change for characteristic or homogeneous dwellings.

PRICE INDEXES continued

Controlling for the compositional change effect

reflect the changes made in the December quarter 2008 to the stratification method - see paragraphs 10–11 below).

10 The ABS uses stratification to control for this 'compositional' effect by grouping (or 'clustering') houses according to a set of price determining characteristics. The finer the level of stratification available, the more similar or homogenous the cluster of houses will be. However, the finer the level of stratification, the fewer the property sales in the period. Therefore, the clusters defined have to balance the homogeneity of housing characteristics and the number of observations required to produce a reliable median price. The lowest level geographical classification that is commonly available across data sets is the suburb. Therefore, suburbs are the building blocks on which the clusters are based.

11 Analysis by the ABS has found that the most effective stratification approach uses two characteristics: the long term level of prices for the suburb in which the house is located, and neighbourhood characteristics of the suburb, as represented by the ABS produced Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA). A new set of clusters produced with this stratification method was introduced in the December quarter 2008 issue of 6416.0, together with updated housing stock weights derived using quantity data from the 2006 Census of Population and Housing. The link period for these changes is March quarter 2008. Therefore, only the index numbers from June quarter 2008 onwards reflect the new weights and stratification. The new approach is a refinement of the previous stratification method, which was based on structural attributes of dwellings within suburbs, the physical location of the dwelling, and neighbourhood characteristics of suburbs.

'Leading Indicator' **12** With the exception of Darwin, the 'leading indicator' series are compiled for the most recent two quarters using early VGs data combined with mortgage lenders' data (for Darwin, mortgage lenders' data is combined with VGs data for the most recent quarter only). These series are labelled with a 'p' indicating a preliminary estimate, and are initially considered 'experimental' until the ABS has sufficient historical data to fully analyse the relationship between these preliminary data and the benchmark series that they are being used to project.

13 It is important to note that the price indexes, and therefore the percentage changes, for the two most recent quarters are subject to revision as more complete data sets are obtained from the VGs. These revisions are reported in Table 9, Revisions to Established House Price Index Series, Australia. This table displays, for each time period, the preliminary and final estimates, and the corresponding annual and quarterly percentage changes. The table also displays the size of the revisions made to preliminary estimates of house price index movements. Until greater experience has been gained with these data sets, the ABS is unable to provide any additional indication of the likely magnitudes or direction of the revisions.

14 The columns titled 'Difference between final estimate and first and second estimate' are calculated by subtracting the initial estimates from the final estimate. Consequently, no revisions information will be available until a final estimate has been published. As this series was first published with respect to September quarter 2005, the first period for which preliminary data can be compared with final data is June quarter 2005. No preliminary estimates exist prior to this period.

15 Revisions to the weighted average of eight capital cities are included in this publication. Revisions made to each of the individual capital cities are available on the ABS website <http://www.abs.gov.au> (refer to the time series spreadsheets under the 'Downloads' tab for *House Price Indexes: Eight Capital Cities* (cat. no. 6416.0)).

Available data	16 Price information for project homes is obtained each month from a sample of project home builders in each capital city. Sales prices of established houses are obtained from VGs and home mortgage lenders, and are based on the exchange date of the sales. The exchange date most closely approximates the time at which the market price is determined. Exchange date information is available for all cities except Adelaide and Darwin. For these cities, a modelled exchange date is used.
	17 The delivery of VGs data relating to exchange date is delayed by the normal contract settlement and reporting processes. It is only possible to publish reliable house price movements based solely on VGs data after approximately six months.
LIMITATIONS OF HOUSE PRICE INDEXES	18 The reliability of each index is largely dependent upon the availability of sufficient pricing information each quarter. While not a problem for project homes, difficulties are sometimes encountered when compiling the indexes for established houses as the number of price observations available depends on market activity in each quarter. This is most apparent in the established house price indexes for the smaller capital cities (Hobart, Darwin and Canberra).
	19 The series most affected by limited market scope is the Darwin established house price index. As can be seen from the data in Table 8, the series for Darwin is affected by a relatively low number of transactions in any quarter. Rather than suppress publication, the series are included here because it is believed that the long term trends are reliable. However, because of the limitations in the reliability of individual quarter-to-quarter movements, users are advised to exercise due care when analysing such movements.
NATIONAL HOUSE PRICE AND OTHER INDEXES	20 These series are presented to facilitate analysis of price movements at a national level. Although coverage is not strictly national in all cases, this does not significantly impair their usefulness. The derivation or source of each series is set out below.
E	
Established houses	21 The series for established houses is derived by weighting together the indexes for each of the eight capital cities according to the relative value of housing stock in each capital city. From the June quarter 2008 onwards, the values were obtained by combining 2006 Population Census house counts with March quarter 2008 mean prices. Prior to this, the values were obtained by combining 2001 Population Census house counts with March quarter 2002 mean prices. It is important to understand that in the compilation of this index (and other fixed weighted indexes) it is not the housing stock values that are held constant from period to period. What is held constant is the quantity (eg. number of houses) underpinning these values.
Project homes	 21 The series for established houses is derived by weighting together the indexes for each of the eight capital cities according to the relative value of housing stock in each capital city. From the June quarter 2008 onwards, the values were obtained by combining 2006 Population Census house counts with March quarter 2008 mean prices. Prior to this, the values were obtained by combining 2001 Population Census house counts with March quarter 2002 mean prices. It is important to understand that in the compilation of this index (and other fixed weighted indexes) it is not the housing stock values that are held constant from period to period. What is held constant is the quantity (eg. number of houses) underpinning these values. 22 The series for project homes is derived by weighting together the indexes for each of the eight capital cities. In September quarter 2005, data on housing finance collected by the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority was used to update the aggregate expenditure on secured finance commitments for the purchase of new dwellings by owner occupiers in 2004–05. The city weights were allocated using data from the Building Activity survey and census data. From June quarter 1996 to June quarter 2005 the value of commitments in 1994–95 was used. The source of weighting information was unpublished data from the ABS survey of Housing Finance for Owner Occupation. Between 1985–86 and June quarter 1996 the value of secured finance commitments to individuals in each of the states and territories for project homes are compiled for use in calculation and the tage and the compiled for use in calculation the ABS are a for project homes are compiled for use in calculation and the capital city price indexes for project homes are compiled for use in calculation to the states and territories for the construction of houses was used.

Project homes continued	they include dwellings acquired from the government and business sectors and alterations and additions to existing dwellings).	
Materials used in house building	24 The index for materials used in house building is published for the weighted average of the six state capital cities in <i>Producer Price Indexes, Australia</i> (cat. no. 6427.0), re-referenced to 2003–04 = 100.0. For more information on this index refer to <i>Producer and International Trade Price Indexes: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2006</i> (cat. no. 6429.0)	
Construction industry total hourly rates of pay	25 The index for the construction industry total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses, private and public, is that published in <i>Labour Price Indexes, Australia</i> (cat. no. 6345.0). For more information on this index refer to <i>Labour Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2004</i> (cat. no. 6351.0.55.001)	
Private Housing Investment	26 The index for private housing investment is the annually-reweighted chain Laspeyres price index for private capital expenditure on new and used dwellings, as used (but not separately published) in <i>Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product</i> (cat. no. 5206.0), referenced to 2003–04 = 100.0. For more information on this index refer to <i>Australian National Accounts: Concepts Sources and Methods, 2000</i> (cat. no. 5216.0)	
Established house transfer prices and counts	27 As well as the price indexes based on stratified weights for each city, the ABS publishes the median price of all established house transfers, and the number of established house transfers. Both these series are based on VGs house sales data, and are only available for those quarters for which final index estimates are available. As the ABS receives more data, these figures are revised as necessary.	
	28 The median prices presented in Table 7 are calculated using all available VGs records for each city each quarter, with no stratification or weighting applied. These 'raw' medians will not correspond to the published index numbers and will not produce price movements that are consistent with those numbers.	
	29 The number of transfers of established houses recorded each quarter by the VG in each capital city is presented in Table 8 to provide an indication of the level of sales activity for the capital city each quarter.	
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN INDEX NUMBERS	30 Each of the indexes presented in this publication is calculated on a quarterly basis with a reference base of $2003-04 = 100.0$. In compiling these indexes quarterly, the objective is to measure the change in price levels between quarters.	
	31 Index numbers are also presented for financial years where the index numbers for financial years are simple (arithmetic) averages of the quarterly index numbers. Index numbers for calendar years may be derived in the same way.	
	 32 Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in index points or as percentage changes. The following example illustrates the method of calculating index points changes and percentage changes between any two periods: Project Homes: Perth index numbers — June Quarter 2009 153.6 (see table 3) <i>less</i> March Quarter 2009 153.4 (see table 3) <i>equals</i> change in index points 0.2 Percentage change 0.2/153.4 X 100 = 0.1% 33 In this publication, percentage changes are calculated to illustrate three different 	
	kinds of movements in index numbers:	

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN movements between consecutive financial years (change between average price INDEX NUMBERS continued levels during one financial year and average price levels during the next financial year) movements between corresponding quarters of consecutive years movements between consecutive quarters. RELATED PUBLICATIONS 34 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from the ABS website: A Guide to House Price Indexes, cat. no. 6464.0 ■ Information Paper: Renovating the Established House Price Index, cat. no. 6417.0 Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, cat. no. 5206.0 - issued quarterly Building Activity, Australia, cat. no. 8752.0 – issued quarterly Building Approvals, Australia, cat. no. 8731.0 - issued monthly Consumer Price Index Australia, cat. no. 6401.0 - issued quarterly

- Housing Finance, Australia, cat. no. 5609.0 issued monthly
- Producer Price Indexes, Australia, cat. no. 6427.0 issued quarterly.

35 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue and all ABS publications are available free of charge from the ABS website <http://www.abs.gov.au>. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.

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ISSN 1034-1897